

Understanding Polar Lows using Satellite Imagery

Chantal Claud and Maxence Rojo

Questionnaire KAHOOT

1- Why are we interested in Polar Lows

- a) Because they are light (low means light, weak in English)
- b) Because they bring the good weather over the North Pole
- c) Because they represent a risk**
- d) Because they are pretty

2- What is the size of a low polar

- a) Between 1 and 10 km in diameter
- b) Between 100 and 1000 km in diameter**
- c) Between 10,000 and 100,000 km in diameter
- d) The fourth dimension

3- What is the frequency of appearance of polar lows

- a) Once a year
- b) Every day
- c) Once every ten years
- d) Ten times a year**

4- Where appear the polar lows

- a) In Africa
- b) The Poles**
- c) In the Mediterranean Sea
- d) At the equator

5- Eliminate the intruder when there is a low polar

- a) The snow
- b) The strong wind
- c) Large waves
- d) Flames**

6- With what do we observe the polar low

- a) With satellite imagery**
- b) The binoculars
- c) Under the microscope
- d) With the ladle

7- What people were already interested in polar low in the past

- a) **The Vikings**
- b) The Gallics
- c) The Romans
- d) The Chinese

8- What types of form can they not take, find the intruder

- a) In comma
- b) Spiral
- c) Multiple
- d) **Formaldehyde**